

# Experimental Observations of CSR Bursts in Rings

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# Scope, Outline and Caveats

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- CSR: C is for Coherent -> *Power*  $\sim N^2$
- CSR bursts are reported at  
*ALS, BESSY-II, MAX-I, NSLS VUV, SURF, ...*
- In this talk I attempt
  - Introduce experimental methods and review results
  - Stimulate a discussion
- I do NOT attempt
  - Be comprehensive
  - Establish precedence

# References

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## ALS

- BROADBAND SELF-AMPLIFIED SPONTANEOUS COHERENT SYNCHROTRON RADIATION IN A STORAGE RING, J. Byrd et al, EPAC02
- OBSERVATION OF BROADBAND SELF-AMPLIFIED SPONTANEOUS COHERENT TERAHERZ SYNCHROTRON RADIATION IN A STORAGE RING, J. Byrd et al, to appear in PRL

## BESSY-II

- COHERENT mm-RADIATION EXPERIMENTS AT THE BESSY II STORAGE RING, M. Abo-Bakr et al, EPAC00
- POWERFUL, STEADY STATE, COHERENT SYNCHROTRON RADIATION AT BESSY II, M. Abo-Bakr et al EPAC02
- STEADY-STATE FAR-INFRARED COHERENT SYNCHROTRON RADIATION DETECTED AT BESSY II, M. Abo-Bakr et al, PRL 88-25, 2002

## MAX-1

- OBSERVATION OF COHERENT SYNCHROTRON RADIATION FROM A 1 MM ELECTRON BUNCH AT THE MAX-I STORAGE RING, A. Andersson et al, SPIE vol. 3775, 1999

## NSLS VUV

- INVESTIGATION OF COHERENT EMISSION FROM THE NSLS VUV RING, G. L. Carr et al, PAC99
- TWO-BEAM INTERFERENCE OF LONG WAVELENGTH SYNCHROTRON RADIATION, G. L. Carr et al, PAC01
- LONGITUDINAL DENSITY MODULATION OF UNSTABLE BUNCHES EMITTING COHERENT IR, B. Podobedov et al, PAC01
- OBSERVATION OF COHERENT SYNCHROTRON RADIATION FROM THE NSLS VUV RING, G. L. Carr et al, NIMA 463, 387, 2001
- ORIGIN OF LONGITUDINAL DENSITY MODULATION OF UNSTABLE BUNCHES IN THE NSLS VUV RING B. Podobedov et al, EPAC02
- COHERENT MICROWAVE SYNCHROTRON RADIATION IN THE VUV RING, S. L. Kramer and B. Podobedov, EPAC02
- DIRECT OBSERVATION OF BEAM IMPEDANCE ABOVE CUT-OFF, S.L. Kramer, to appear in PRST-AB

## SURF

- SIMULATION INVESTIGATIONS OF THE LONGITUDINAL SAWTOOTH INSTABILITY AT SURF, K. Harkay, K.-J. Kim, and N. Sereno, PAC01
- SPONTANEOUS COHERENT MICROWAVE EMISSIONS AND THE SAWTOOTH INSTABILITY IN A COMPACT STORAGE RING, U. Arp et al, PRST-AB 4, 054401, 20001

# Ring Parameters

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	ALS	BESSY-II	MAX-1	NSLS VUV	SURF
Circumf., m	197	240	32.4	51	5.3
Energy, GeV	1.9	1.7	0.5	0.74	0.25
$\sigma_{\text{rms}}$ , mm	7	5	3	150	80
$\lambda$ due to CSR Cutoff, mm	8	4		12.5	67
$I_{\text{bunch}}$ , mA	10	15	3	200	90

Parameter space is infinite

These are just rough examples

# Experimental Methods & Measurements Reported

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	experiment	ALS	BESSY-II	MAX-1	NSLS VUV	SURF
Coherent Emissions	RF & MW techniques	X	X		X	X
	Interferometry	X	X	X	X	
	Polarization	X	X	X	X	
"e-beam"	BPM signal analysis				X	X
	Average Bunch Shape Photo-diodes + scopes etc	X	X	X	X	X
	Single-Shot Bunch Shape Streak Cameras, etc	X	X		X	X

# RF & MW Techniques for Emissions Studies

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## Advantages

- Time and Freq. Domain
- Plenty of tools/hardware
- Extends to low frequencies
- Trivial polarization msrmt

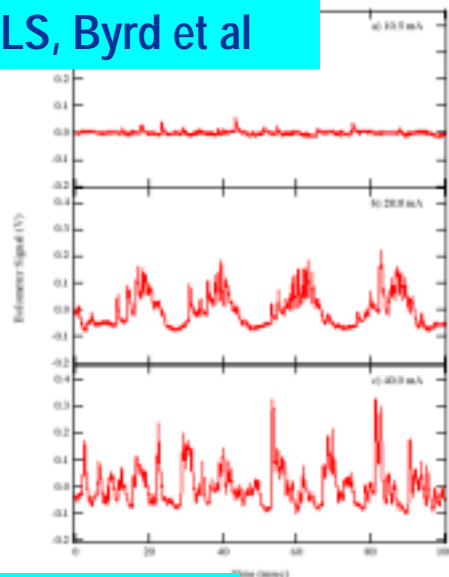
## Challenges

- Painful to cover large BW
- Expensive above 26 GHz
- Dynamic range & rise-time
- Mixing Products

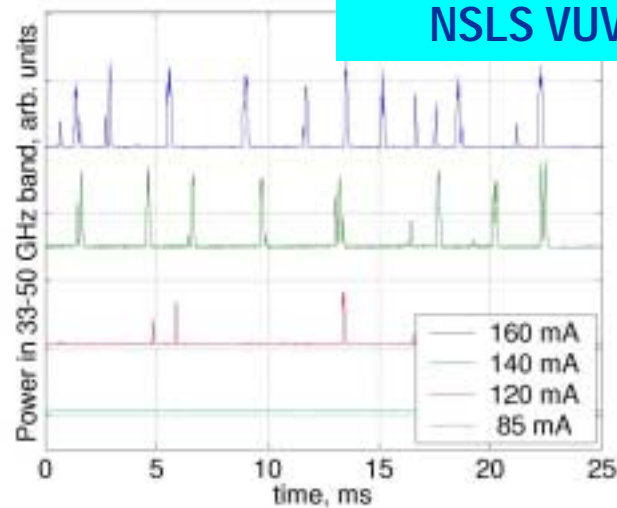


# Emission Bursts

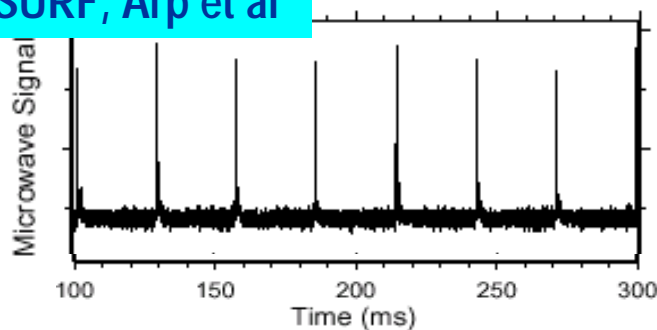
ALS, Byrd et al



NSLS VUV



SURF, Arp et al



- Quasi-Periodic or chaotic bursts
- Strongly condition-dependent
- Duration  $\sim T_{\text{synch}}$
- Separation  $\sim T_{\text{damp}}$
- Power  $\sim N^2$  well above  $N_{\text{thresh}}$

# Interferometry

## Advantages

- BW extends into THz range
- Convenient (no filter change)
- Sensitive (but slow) detectors

## Challenges

- Essentially freq. domain
- Slow measurement
- Bursting data hard to interpret
- Ratio calculations



### lamellar grating interferometer at NSLS U12IR

spectral range  $\sim 1\text{-}100\text{ cm}^{-1}$

$0.25\text{ cm}^{-1}$  resolution

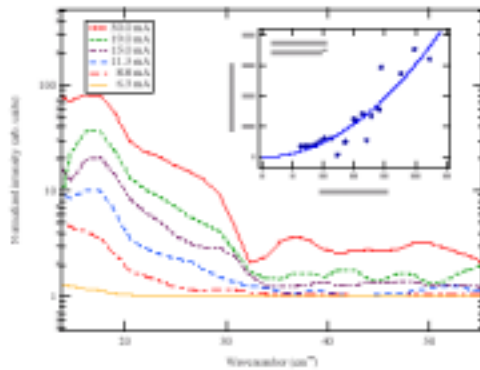
“light pipe” and mirror optics

thermal IR detector (bolometer)

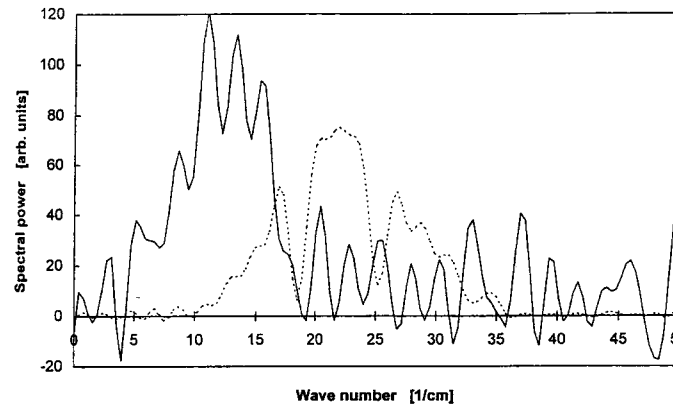


# Interferometry Results

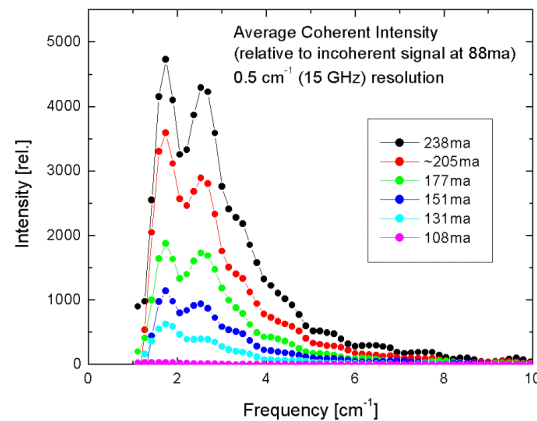
ALS, Byrd et al



MAX-1, Andersson et al

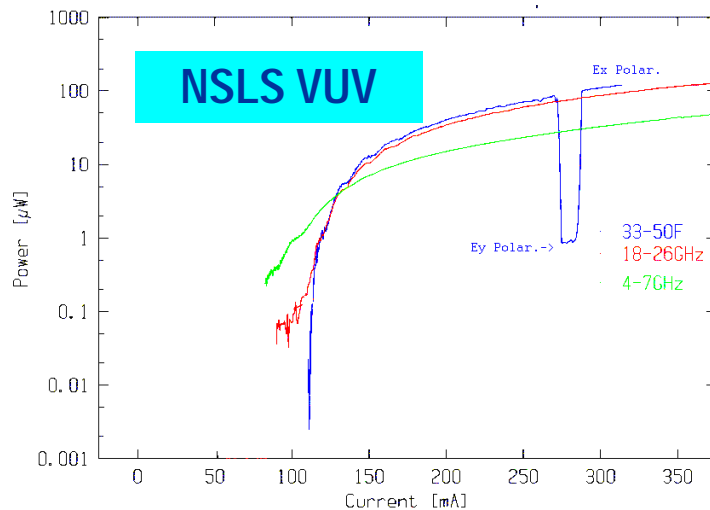
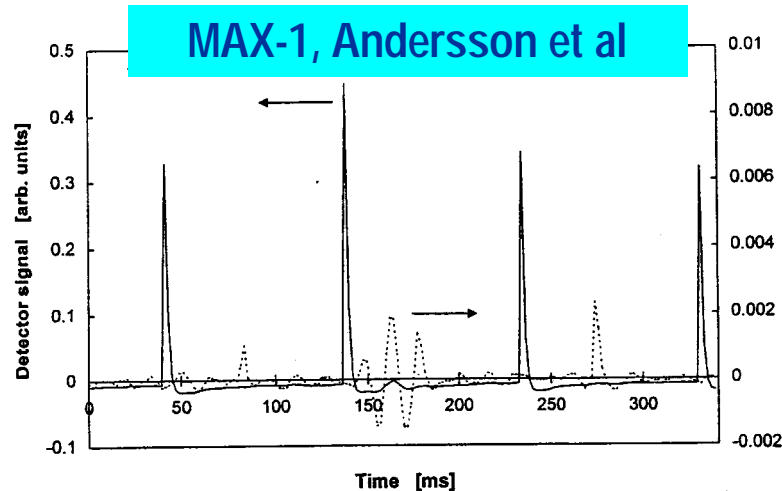


NSLS VUV



- Emission peaks at 2-10  $\text{cm}^{-1}$
- Very broad-band
- Coherent and incoherent differ
- $P_{\text{coh}}/P_{\text{incoh}} \sim 10^3\text{-}10^4$
- $P_{\text{coh}} \sim N^2$  well above  $N_{\text{thresh}}$

# Polarization Measurements



- Possible with interferometry or MW detection techniques
- Emissions are often polarized in the bending plane  $E_x/E_y > 100$
- Consistent with CSR
- Low frequency emissions at NSLS are not polarized -> ~~CSR~~

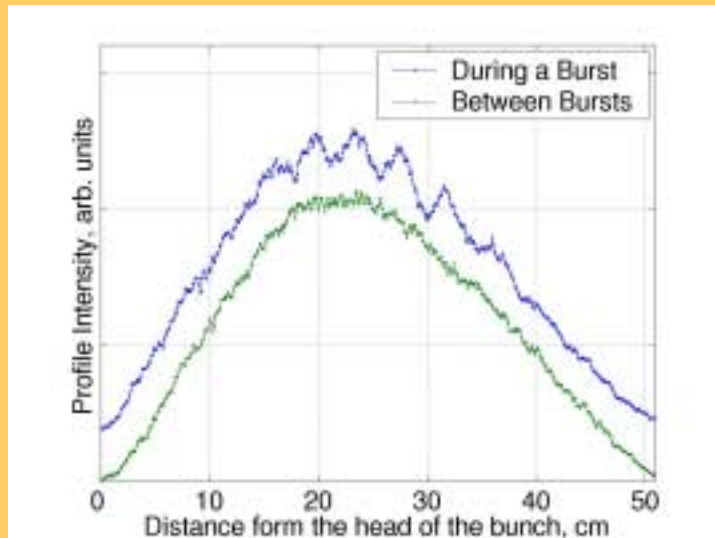
# "e-beam Measurements"

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- Previous measurements characterize "very -FIR photons" emitted from the beamline
- What's happening with e-beam?
- BPM signal analysis
  - RF/MW techniques applicable
  - Typically run out of BW
- Average bunch shape measurements
- Instantaneous bunch shape (resolve bursts)

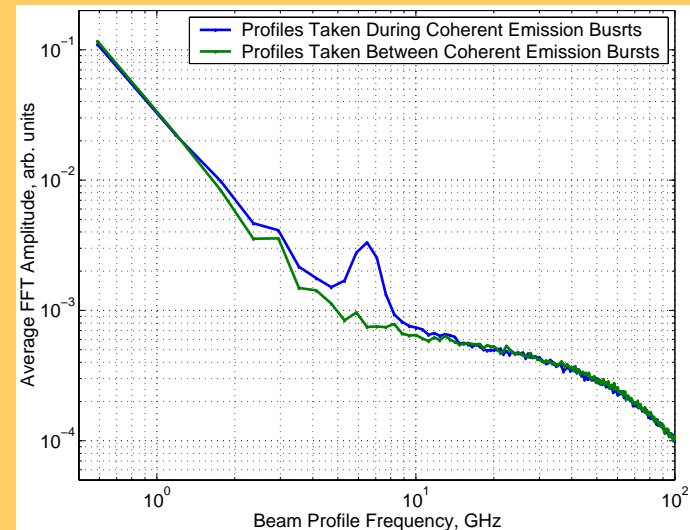
# NSLS VUV Ring Streak Camera Results

- Two 18-turn-average profiles



- Frequency agrees with  $Z_{\parallel}(\omega)$
- Microbunching due to microwave instability? ~~CSR~~

- 300 profile Fourier Transform averages



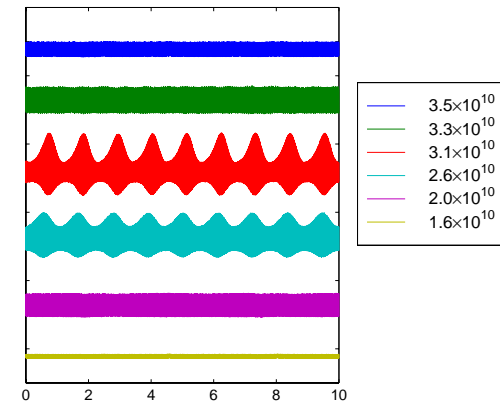
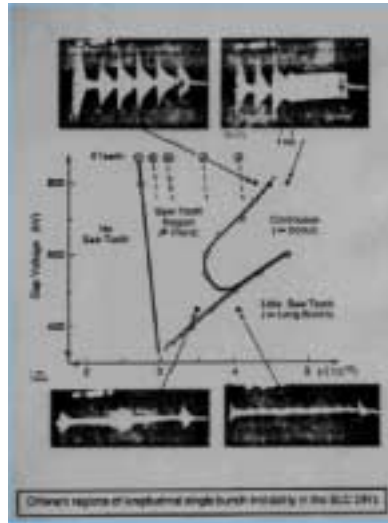
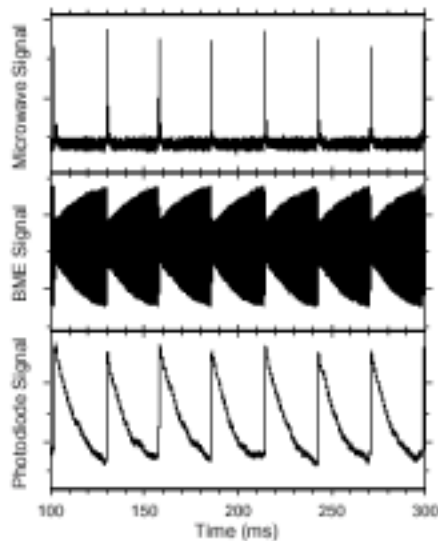
- Search for higher frequency modulation is still in progress

# Conclusion

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- No one-size-fits-all experimental technique
- Vastly different rings yet amazing similarities in burst structure, spectra, parameter dependence
- Reported  $P_{\text{coh}}/P_{\text{incoh}} \sim 10^4$
- Spectral content may be complex
- Low frequency coherent emissions are not CSR
- Some evidence of non-CSR impedance causing low frequency emissions/beam modulation
- Direct experimental proof of bursts due to CSR-induced micro-bunching is missing

# Final Thoughts



- Coherent Bursts got with the Saw-tooth Instability
- There is always a continuous region at higher intensity
- Should reconsider going down to micro-Amps